

Playfair

① Pick a keyword
= "KNIGHTS"

K	N	I/J	G	H
F	S	A	B	C
D	E	F	L	M
V	P	Q	R	U
V	W	X	Y	Z

MISSISSIPPI

M	I	S	P	

To encrypt:

"TODATWENTERED"

TO → DV (Same col move down)
one spot, with wrap around.

DA → FT (opposite corners of rectangle -
each letter encrypts to a letter on its same row)

YW → ZX (same row more right)
one spot with wrap around)

EX → FW (rectangle)

EN → PS (same column)

TE → SD (rect)

RE → PL (rect)

col \Rightarrow up
box \Rightarrow same

Strategies to cryptanalyze

no double letter pairs in ciphertext.
because of construction, later letters
tend to be on bottom row.

Try to make some basic guesses
about matching plain \leftrightarrow cipher pairs

Hill Cipher

Matrix Multiplication

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ 9 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \times 4 + 6 \times 9 \\ 9 \times 4 + 11 \times 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

2×2 2×1
 \uparrow \uparrow $=$ \uparrow \uparrow
Size of ans

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 8 + 54 \\ 36 + 99 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 62 \\ 135 \end{bmatrix}$$

$X \times Y$

$A[i][j]$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n x[i][k] * y[k][j]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 2 & 2 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 6 \\ 1 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 2 & 1 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 26 \\ 11 & 28 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hill Cipher

Key square $n \times n$ matrix, all entries 0-25.

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Plain} = \text{"PAPERS"} \quad \text{Cipher} = \text{"TIRKDM"}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} PA \\ \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \times 15 + 6 \times 0 \\ 4 \times 15 + 7 \times 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 45 \\ 60 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} 19 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad \boxed{\text{TI}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \times 15 + 6 \times 4 \\ 4 \times 15 + 7 \times 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 45 + 24 \\ 60 + 28 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 69 \\ 88 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} 17 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} \quad \boxed{\text{RK}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 17 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \times 17 + 6 \times 18 \\ 4 \times 17 + 7 \times 18 \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} 51 + 108 \\ 68 + 126 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 159 \\ 194 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \quad \boxed{\text{DM}}$$

First cipher where multiple plaintext letters affect ciphertext in a significant way.

9/9/16 (2)

$$M^{-1} \quad M$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In general our goal is find w, x, y, z such that \rightarrow are known

$$\begin{bmatrix} w & x \\ y & z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26}$$

$$\boxed{wa + xc = 1 \pmod{26}}$$

$$ya + zc = 0 \pmod{26}$$

$$\boxed{wb + xd = 0 \pmod{26}}$$

Determinant

$$d \quad wa + xc \equiv 1 \pmod{26}$$

$$-c \quad wb + xd \equiv 0 \pmod{26}$$

$$wad + xcd \equiv d \pmod{26}$$

$$-wbc - xcd \equiv 0 \pmod{26}$$

$$\hline w(ad-bc) \equiv d \pmod{26}$$

$$w \equiv (ad-bc)^{-1} \cdot d \pmod{26}$$

$$x \equiv (ad-bc)^{-1} \cdot (-b) \pmod{26}$$

Inverse exists iff $\gcd(ad-bc, 26) = 1$

$$y \equiv (ad-bc)^{-1}(-c) \pmod{26} \quad 9/9/16 \text{ (3)}$$

$$z \equiv (ad-bc)^{-1}(a) \pmod{26}$$

$$M^{-1} = [(ad-bc)^{-1} \pmod{26}] \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det(M) &= 3 \times 7 - 4 \times 6 \\ &= -3 \pmod{26} \\ &\equiv 23 \pmod{26} \end{aligned}$$

$$23^{-1} \pmod{26} = \boxed{17}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M^{-1} &= 17 \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -6 \\ -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 119 & -102 \\ -68 & 51 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 2 \\ 10 & 25 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 2 \\ 10 & 25 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} 3 \times 15 + 6 \times 10 & 3 \times 2 + 6 \times 25 \\ 4 \times 15 + 7 \times 10 & 4 \times 2 + 7 \times 25 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 105 & 156 \\ 130 & 183 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\equiv \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \pmod{26} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 15 & 2 \\ 10 & 25 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 19 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \times 19 + 2 \times 8 \\ 10 \times 19 + 25 \times 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad 9/9/16 \text{ (4)}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 285 + 16 \\ 190 + 200 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 301 \\ 390 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} P \\ A \end{matrix}$$

$$\leq 26^4$$