

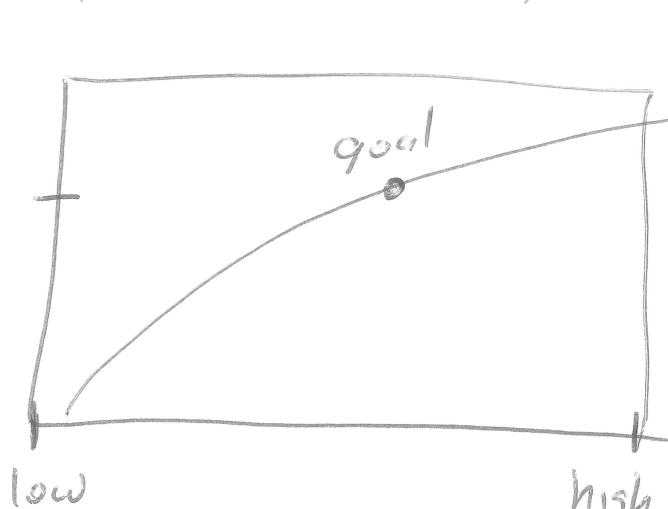
11/29/2021 - COP 3502

Binary Search Applications

Etching crystals

$$\frac{f_2 - f_1}{f_1 f_2} = at + b(1 - e^{-ct})$$

Real Valued Binary Search



- ① $f(t)$ is either increasing or decreasing
- ② easy to calculate $f(t)$ forward
- ③ Hard to invert $f(t)$.

How

① establish safe low and high bounds for your answer. (function specific)

② run fixed # of iterations

③ Calculate $mid = (\text{low} + \text{high})/2$
 $f(mid)$

depending on which way target is
reset low or high.

A Careful Approach

2009 World Finals Problem

Land planes: 10, 30, 35, 80 (min diff 5)
 $\boxed{20} \quad \boxed{35} \quad \boxed{45}$

Alternate: $\begin{matrix} \boxed{10} & \boxed{25} & \boxed{40} & 80 \\ \underline{15} & \underline{15} & 40 & \end{matrix}$ (min diff 15) **BETTER**

Given ranges of time when each plane can land determine the maximum value of time s.t. no two planes land within closer than T_{2t} time.

	P_1	10	50	$n \leq 8$
	P_2	30	60	\downarrow
	P_3	25	45	num planes
	P_4	5	90	
	P_5	40	80	

① Since $n \leq 8$, just try all $\frac{n!}{8!}$ orders of landing the planes

Example: if we decide on ordering P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5 then it makes sense to land P_1 at 10.

What about P_2 ? NOT SO EASY TO FIGURE OUT!

If something seems difficult, try solving an easier version first!

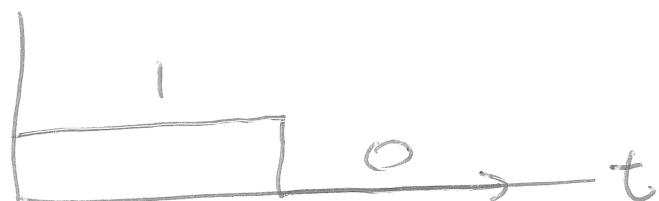
Can we land all 5 planes with a gap of 10 minutes?

P_1	10	50	$P_1 = 10$
P_2	30	60	$P_2 = 30$
P_3	25	45	$P_3 = 40$
P_4	5	90	$P_4 = 50$
P_5	40	80	$P_5 = 60$

~~W~~ P_4 ~~70~~ 90 80
 P_5 X can't do it.

$$t = \min \text{ gap}$$

$$f(t) = 1 \text{ can land} \\ \geq 0 \text{ can't}$$



What we'll do:

For each perm

Run binary search on t

low = 0, high = max time

\Rightarrow Simulate the greedy soln
discussed!

Airport Shuttle

Integer Binary Search

Vans

Arrival times: 6, 8, 15, 20, 40, 42, 100, 121, 132,

K courses
minimize wait time for any ~~counselor~~ ^{student}

Can we pick up all the kids with
wait time of 20 or less?

In an int bin search

$$\text{mid} = (\text{low} + \text{high}) / 2;$$

$$\rightarrow \text{mid} = \frac{\text{low} + \text{high} + 1}{2};$$

plug in low=2, high=3.

Need for Speed Problem

		time seg1	time seg2	time seg3	time total
3	5				
4	-1	$\frac{4}{-1+c}$	$\frac{4}{0+c}$	$\frac{10}{3+c}$	$= 5$
4	0				

10 3 if c is too big $LHS < S$
 c is too small $LHS > S$

$c > +1$ because den > 0 .

$c > -$ speed reading
low \nearrow high