

COP 3SD2 9/11/2023

① Recitation Reminders

- Get quizzes back
- Get into group

② P1 due soon.

③ P2 T/W → Queues (W, F)

④ STACKS

- Abstract Data Type (ADT)
- Operations it supports
- 2 applications
- 2 possible implementations

ADT - Don't know how data is stored, but the behaviors are described.

~~X~~

6
5

Stack

push(5)
push(6)
push(7)
X = pop()
X [2]

1) push object onto top

2) pop the top item off the stack

*3) size function

4) full?

5) empty?

ought to be $O(1)$ time!

Linked List Implementation

push = insert front

pop = delete front

push(7)

ptr → X

push(12)

ptr → [7 | X]

X = pop()

ptr → [12 |] → [7 | X]

X [12]

ptr → [7 | X]

push(3)

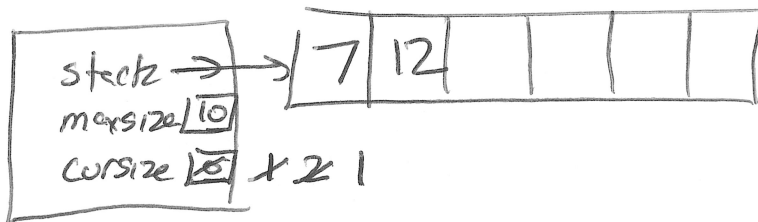
ptr → [3 |] → [7 | X]

push(8)

ptr → [8 |] → [3 |] → [7 | X]

Stack: ~~is~~ Last In, First Out (LIFO)

Array Implementation



push → add item to index cursize.

(if array is full, reallocate twice the size)

pop → return the item from index cursize-1.
~~then~~ before you return subtract 1
from cursize.

X [12]
↓
in index

1st Application: Eval Postfix

7 6 + (operator is at the end)

Infix op1 op op2 Postfix
 7 + 6 \Leftrightarrow 7 6 +

Why postfix?

Infix ambiguous 3 + 7 * 5

\rightarrow order of operations is what removes ambiguity

Postfix 3 7 5 * + 3 + (7 * 5)

 3 7 + 5 * (3 + 7) * 5

7 6 3 + * 2 3 - 1 ⊕ + 7 /

Algorithm

Read expr left to right
 (1) if operand (number), push onto stack

(2) if operator (+, -, *, /),
 pop off top 2 items
 stack (op2, op1) then
 calculate op1 op2,
 push result back top
 of the stack.

	6 + 3	7 + 9	
3		3	
6	9	2 (-)	
7	7	63	63
<u>Stack</u>	<u>Stack</u>	<u>Stack</u>	<u>Stack</u>

