

Odometer Problem

000000

000001

000002

...

000009

000010

...

000099

000100

...

999999

```
// Prints out all odometer settings where the first k items in array  
// are fixed
```

```
Void odometer(int* array, int len, int k)
```

```
Odometer( [3,2,6,5,9, x], 6, 5)
```

This does

326590

326591

326592

...

326599

Let's say we had 3 digits then
Odometer([2,1,0, x, x], 5, 3) would print

21000
21001
21002
21010
21011
21012
21020
21021
21022

Odometer([2,1,0, x, x], 5, 3)

 Odometer([2,1,0,0,x], 5, 4)

 Odometer([2,1,0,1,x], 5, 4)

 Odometer([2,1,0,2,x], 5, 4)

What the pseudocode looks like...

Odometer([2,1,0, x, x], length, k)

 For (d=0; d<NUMD; d++)

 Odometer([2,1,0,d,x], length, k+1)

Combinations

ABCDE

AB BC CD DE combos of size 2

AC BD CE

AD BE

AE

A B C D E combos of size 1

Empty Set

Another View - each binary string corresponds to a combination

ABCDE

	A	B	C	D	E
Empty	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	1
....					
BCE	0	1	1	0	1
...					
AC	1	0	1	0	0
...					

Permutation

ABC

ACB

BAC

BCA

CAB

CBA

Perm(int* array, int length, int* used, int k)

Perm([**2**, **4**, **1**, x, x, x], 6, [0, **1**, **1**, 0, **1**, 0], 3)

2,4,1,0,3,5

2,4,1,0,5,3

2,4,1,3,0,5

2,4,1,3,5,0

2,4,1,5,0,3

2,4,1,5,3,0